

GEOMETRY

Chapter 8 Review Packet

Name _____ Period _____

TARGET A & B

Find the sum of the measure of the interior angles, sum of the exterior angles, and one of each for the following regular polygons.

1.) **Pentagon** # sides = _____

Sum of the interior angles = _____

Measure of one interior angle = _____

Sum of the exterior angles = _____

Measure of one exterior angle = _____

2.) **18-gon** # sides = _____

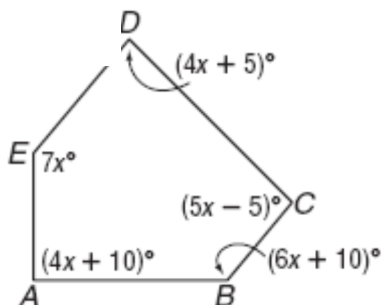
Sum of the interior angles = _____

Measure of one interior angle = _____

Sum of the exterior angles = _____

Measure of one exterior angle = _____

3.) Solve for the variable and the following angle measures.



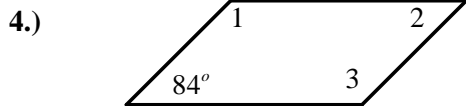
$x =$ _____

$m\angle C =$ _____

$m\angle E =$ _____

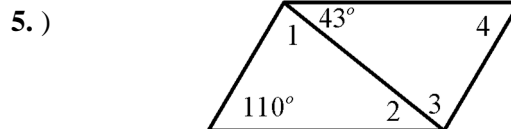
TARGET C & D

For 4 & 5, solve for the missing angles in the parallelogram.



$\angle 1 =$ _____ $\angle 2 =$ _____

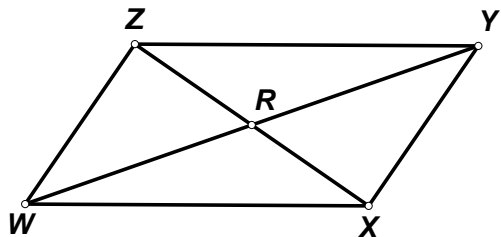
$\angle 3 =$ _____



$\angle 1 =$ _____ $\angle 2 =$ _____

$\angle 3 =$ _____ $\angle 4 =$ _____

6.) Use the parallelogram to complete the following statements.



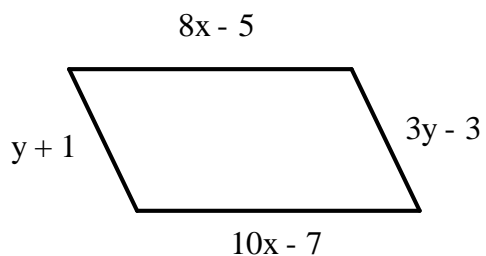
$$\overline{WR} \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle WZX \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\overline{XY} \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle WZY \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

7.) Solve for the values of x and y that would make this a parallelogram.



$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

8.) Determine if the following quadrilaterals are parallelograms. Give a reason why or why not.

a.



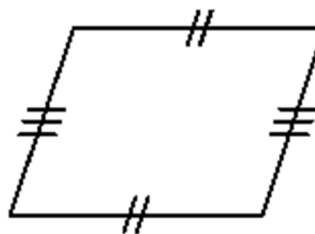
b.



c.

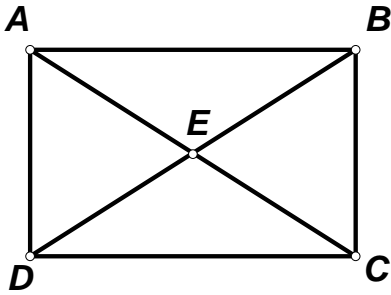


d.



TARGET E

- 9.) Find x and the length of \overline{AC} in the rectangle.



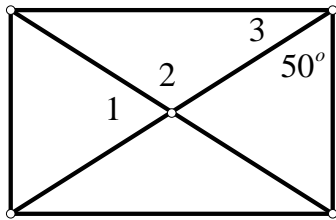
$$AC = 6x - 7$$

$$BD = 3x - 1$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

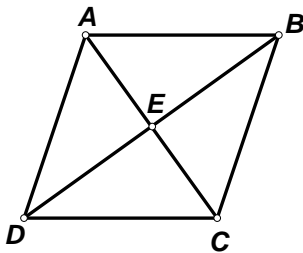
$$AC = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- 10.) Find the measure of $\angle 1$, $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$ in the rectangle.



$$\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- 11.) Use the rhombus to complete the following statements.



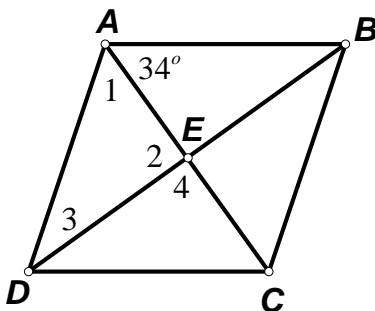
$$\overline{DE} \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle ADB \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle AED = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\text{True or false: } \overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$$

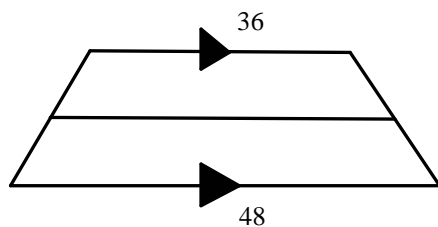
- 12.) Find the measure of the numbered angles in the rhombus



$$\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

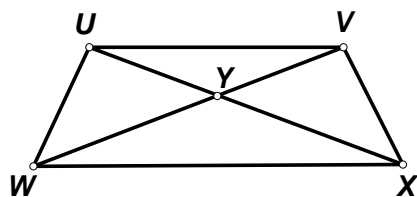
$$\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- 13.) Find the length of the median in the trapezoid



median _____

- 14.) Use the isosceles trapezoid to complete the following statements.



$\overline{UV} \parallel$ _____

$\overline{VX} \cong$ _____

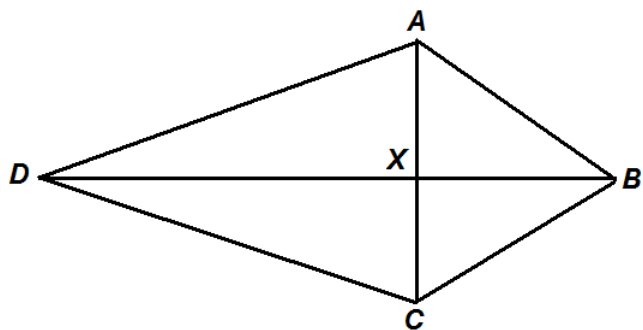
$\angle WXV \cong$ _____

True or false: $\overline{UX} \cong \overline{VW}$

$\angle WUV \cong$ _____

True or false: $\overline{UY} \cong \overline{YX}$

- 15.) Use kite ABCD to find the following measurements if $m\angle CDX = 24^\circ$, $\overline{AD} = 21$ and $\overline{AC} = 16$



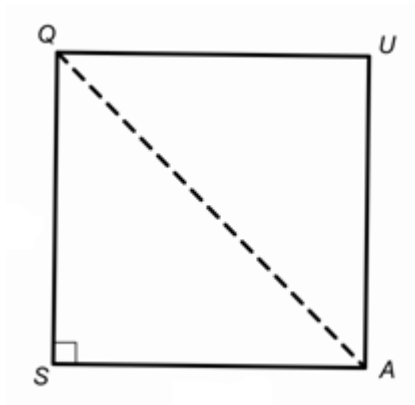
$m\angle ADX =$ _____

$m\angle AXD =$ _____

$\overline{DC} =$ _____

$\overline{AX} =$ _____

16.) SQUA is a square. If $SQ = 7x - 4$ and $QU = 4x + 11$, find the value of x & the sides and angles.



$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$SQ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$UA = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle SQA = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle UAS = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$QA = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

TARGET F

17.) Graph the points: W (-6, -5), X (-1, -4), Y (0, -1), Z (-5, -2).

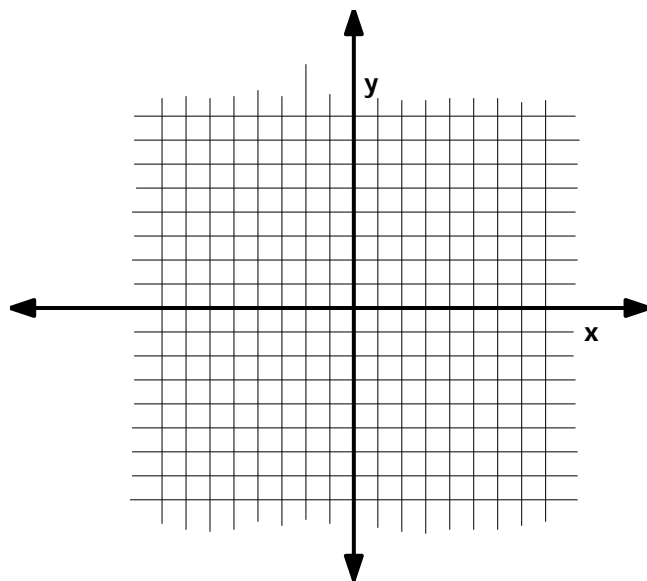
a) Find the **slope** for the following sides.

$$WX = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$XY = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$YZ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$WZ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



What does the slope tell you about the quadrilateral?

W (-6, -5), X (-1, -4), Y (0, -1), Z (-5, -2).

b) Find the length of each side using the **distance formula**.

$$WX = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$XY = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$YZ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$WZ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

What does the distance/length tell you about the quadrilateral?

c) Find the midpoint of the diagonals

$$\text{Midpoint of } WY = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\text{Midpoint of } XZ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

d) What type of special quadrilateral is WXYZ? Why?